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Küsimus: Kas nendele KOK-i haigetele, kes kannatavad koormusepuhuse hüpiksia all, manustada lisahapnikku vs mitte paremate treeningtulemuste saavutamiseks?

Kontekst:

Bibliograafia:

Töendatuse astme hinnang							Uuritavate arv	Mõju		Töendatuse aste	Olulisus
Uuringute arv	Uuringukavand	Nihke tõenäosus	Töenduse ebaköla	Töenduse kaudsus	Töenduse ebatäpsus	Muud kaalutlused	Lisahapnik treeningu ajal	mitte	Suheline (95% CI)	Absoluutne (95% CI)	

Maksimaalne hapnikutarbimine (VO2 max)

4 ^{1,2,3,4,a}	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	suur ^b	suur ^c	puudub	55	54	-	MD 0.01 madalam (0.06 madalam kuni 0.07 kõrgem)	⊕⊕○○ MADAL	KRIITILINE
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Düspnoe koormustesti lõpuks - CRQ (Emtner; Rooyackers) ja Borg skaala (Scorsone) alusel.

3 ^{1,2,3,a}	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	väike	suur ^c	puudub	36	37	-	MD 0.79 kõrgem (0.23 kõrgem kuni 1.36 kõrgem)	⊕⊕⊕○ KESKMINÉ	KRIITILINE
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Aeroobne võimekus (hinnatuna 6 minuti könnitesti abil)

3 ^{1,4,5,a}	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	suur ^b	suur ^c	puudub	41	39	-	MD 14.93 madalam (32.64 madalam kuni 2.78 kõrgem)	⊕⊕○○ MADAL	KRIITILINE
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Elukvaliteet - CRQ alusel

4 ^{1,2,6,7,a}	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	väike	suur ^c	puudub	95	91	-	MD 0.09 madalam (0.16 madalam kuni 0.01 madalam)	⊕⊕⊕○ KESKMINÉ	OLULINE
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Elukvaliteet: düspnoe (CRQ alusel; MID 0,5) (järelkontroll: vahemik 2 nädalat kuni 12 nädalat; Skaala : 0 kuni 7)

4 ^{8,9,10,11,d}	randomiseeritud uuringud	suur ^e	väike	väike	suur ^c	puudub	158	165	-	MD 0.28 kõrgem (0.1 kõrgem kuni 0.45 kõrgem)	⊕⊕○○ MADAL	OLULINE
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Elukvaliteet: väsimus (CRQ alusel) (järelkontroll: vahemik 2 nädalat kuni 12 nädalat)

4 ^{8,9,10,11,d}	randomiseeritud uuringud	suur ^e	väike	väike	suur ^c	puudub	158	165	-	MD 0.17 kõrgem (0.04 kõrgem kuni 0.31 kõrgem)	⊕⊕○○ MADAL	OLULINE
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Elukvaliteet: emotSIONAALNE seisund (CRQ alusel) (järelkontroll: vahemik 2 nädalat kuni 12 nädalat)

4 8,9,10,11,d	randomiseeritud uuringud	suur e	väike	väike	suur c	puudub	158	165	-	MD 0.1 kõrgem (0.05 madalam kuni 0.25 kõrgem)		OLULINE
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Elukvaliteet: haigusega toimetulek (CRQ alusel) (järelkontroll: vahemik 2 nädalat kuni 12 nädalat)

4 8,9,10,11,d	randomiseeritud uuringud	suur e	väike	väike	suur c	puudub	158	165	-	MD 0.13 kõrgem (0.06 madalam kuni 0.33 kõrgem)		OLULINE
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Suremus (järelkontroll: keskmene 12 nädalat)

2 9,10,d,f	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	väike	suur g	puudub	3/86 (3.5%)	0/93 (0.0%)	suheline risk (RR) 4.17 (0.48 kuni 36.30)	0 vähem / 1,000 (0 vähem kuni 0 vähem)		OLULINE
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Düspnoe (Borg'i või VAS skaala alusel; MID=1)

32 1,3,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,h	randomiseeritud uuringud	suur i,j	väike	väike	väike	puudub	Analüüs kaasatud 32'es uuringus osales kokku 865 patsienti. Meta-analüüs tuvastati statistiliselt oluline positiivne efekt lisahapniku manustamisel (vs mitte manustamisel) koormuse aegse düspnoe leevedamisel (SMD -0.31, 95% CI -0.43 to -0.20; I ² = 29%). Vastav muutus 10'he palli skaalal on -0,65, mis pole metaanalüüs autorite hinangul kliiniliselt oluline (MID=1.0). k					KRIITILINE
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Sooritusvõime: läbitud vahemaa (meetrites)

8 8,10,14,20,21,32,33,34,l	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	suur m	suur n	väike	puudub	Meta-analüüs kaasatud 8 uuringus osales kokku 238 patsienti. Analüüs näitas, et O ₂ manustamisel suurennes läbitud distants 18.86 meetri võrra (95% CI, 13.11 kuni 24.61 m), $p < 0.00001$ o					KRIITILINE
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Sooritusvõime: ajaline kestus (minutites)

7 14,15,27,30,35,36,37,l	randomiseeritud uuringud	väike	väike	suur n	väike	puudub	Meta-analüüs kaasatud 7 uuringus osales kokku 77 patsienti. Tulemostest lähtus, et O ₂ manustamisel pikenes keskmise treeningu pikkus 2.71 minutti võrra (95% CI, 1.96 kuni 3.46 min), $p < 0.00001$ p					KRIITILINE
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CI: usaldusintervall; **MD:** keskmene erinevus; **RR:** riskimääär; **SMD:** standarditud keskmene erinevus

Selgitused

a. Liu Y, Gong F. 2019. Determination of whether supplemental oxygen therapy is beneficial during exercise training in patients with COPD: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Exp Ther Med. 2019 Nov; 18(5): 4081-4089.

b. Surrogaat tulemusnäitaja.

c. Väike valimi maht.

d. Ameer F, Carson KV, Usmani ZA, Smith BJ. Ambulatory oxygen for people with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease who are not hypoxaemic at rest. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2014, Issue 6. Art. No.: CD000238.

- e. Kahtlus valikunihke osas 2'es uuringus, attrition bias'i osas 2'es uuringus ja reporting bias'i osas 3'es uuringus.
- f. 3 surmajuhu, lisahapniku saanute gruppis, ei olnud autorite sõnul seotud rakendatud sekkumisega - surmapõhjustena on välja toodud raske kopsupõletiku ning tserebrovaskulaarhaiguse tüsistused.
- g. Lai usaldusvahemik.
- h. Ekström M, Ahmadi Z, Bornefalk-Hermannsson A, Abernethy A, Currow D. 2016. Oxygen for breathlessness in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease who do not qualify for home oxygen therapy. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2016, Issue 11. Art. No.: CD006429.
- i. Suuremat positiivset efekti, O2 kasutamisel, näidatud uuringud olid madalamata kvaliteediga - valikulise raporteerimise kahtlus.
- j. Valikunihe enamuses uuringutes; mitmes kaastud uuringus vaid ühepoolne pimedatus.
- k. Võrreldi düspnoe esinemist lisahapniku saavate vs mitte saavate isikute hulgast, kes ei kvalifitseerunud koduse hapnikravi saajate hulka. Uuringud erinesid nii sekkumise iseloomu ("short-burst" lisahapnik (hapniku manustatakse vahetult enne koormust), pidev O2 manustumine), tegevuskeskonna (fisioloogialabor, meditsiini asutus või kodu) kui ka rakendatava koormuse (6-minuti könnitest, süstikkäimistest, koormus veloergomeetril, igapäeva toimetused kodus). Sekkumise efektiivsust hinnavati modifitseeritud Borg'i- või VAS-skaala alusel.
- l. Bradley JM, Lasserson T, Elborn S, MacMahon J, O'Neill B. 2007. A Systematic Review of Randomized Controlled Trials Examining the Shortterm Benefit of Ambulatory Oxygen in COPD. CHEST 131: 278-285
- m. Mõõdukas heterogeensus: I² = 33%.
- n. Surrogaat tulemusnäitaja.
- o. Võrreldi lisahapniku manustamisel vs lisahapniku mitte manustamisel (manustatava O2 pealevoolu kiirus varieerus uuringutes 2-6 L/min) läbitud distantsi muutust 6-minuti könnitestil.
- p. Võrreldi lisahapniku manustamise vs mitte manustamise (manustatava O2 pealevoolu kiirus varieerus uuringutes 2-8 L/min) mõju treeningu (veloergomeeter, köndimine) kestusele

Viited

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